

Andhra Pradesh Board Sociology Syllabus for Class 12

Subject: SOCIOLOGY

SOCIETY IN INDIA:

Objectives:

To Revise the syllabus and to acquaint the student with the emerging social problems;

To adopt the CBSE sociology syllabus with suitable modifications to suit the local and Regional needs;

To impart and inculcate the requisite social skills for enhancing employability of the students in the areas of social, Human Resource Development and poverty alleviation Developmental programmes and NGO Sector; and to inculcate civic awareness and spirit of civic responsibility.

Structure and problems.

Syllabus

Unit-I

Social values and Ethos of Traditional Indian Society – Purushardhas, Ashrama Dharmas; Caste system – Definition, Characteristics, Changing trends; Land – Land ownership patterns, Caste & Social relations, land reforms, changing trends of land ownership and Agrarian relationships; Rural – Urban divide – Emerging urban scenario and panchayat Raj.

Social structure of Indian Society:

Unity in Diversity:

Unit-II

Diversities in the Indian Society – Linguistic diversities; Religious & Ethnic diversities; and Demographic & Geographical diversities. Unity in Diversity – Nature, Reasons, threats & Resilience.

Unit-III

The nature of Social inequalities – The disadvantaged groups – S.C, S.T., OBC Minorities & Women – The nature of disadvantage, problems of disadvantages, measures to eliminate disadvantage.

Unit-IV

Meaning, definition, nature & types of social problems; Social disorganization; Meaning & nature types, causes; Crime: Meaning, types and causes; Juvenile delinquency – meaning and causes; Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization (LPG) and emerging nature of Social problems; employment insecurity, suicides, competition.

Unit-V

Development programmes & problems of displacement & Rehabilitation; Development and Environmental degradation, Consequences of Environmental degradation, Environmental protection, Social Legislations; Women Empowerment – Status of Women, problems of Women, the need for women empowerment, measures to attain women empowerment; Demographic problems – The problem of over population, the problems of public health – HIV, AIDS, communicable diseases, mother & child health care.

The disadvantaged groups in India:

Social Problems

Contemporary Social problems in India:

Unit-VI

Social Policies addressing social issues in India – Five year plans, Economic programme and social programmes. Social legislations addressing social problems – Untouchability Act, Age at Marriage Act, Dowry prohibition Act, Child labour Act, Abolition of Bonded labour.

Unit-VII

Community Development & Community organization - Meaning, need for Community development, Basic Principles of Community organization, Forming a group & conducting meetings. Basic principles of participatory methods for community planning and action; Elements of extension methods and counseling, Social audit.

Unit-VIII

Meaning and need for civic awareness & civic responsibility, Fundamental Rights and duties; Rights of S.C, S.T., Minorities, Women & Children; Problems of Right and Duties.

Social Policy & Programmes

Social Skills for Intervention

Civic awareness & Civic responsibility